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Automotive landscape 2025: Opportunities and challenges ahead

March 2011 (Short Version)



Roland Berger
Strategy Consultants

A photograph of a tunnel with rows of bright lights on the ceiling, creating a sense of depth and perspective. The lights are blurred due to motion or a shallow depth of field.

A. Management summary

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A close-up photograph of a car's interior, showing the side-view mirror and part of the dashboard. The image is dark and slightly blurred, matching the overall aesthetic of the slide.

Automotive landscape 2025: trends and challenges – management summary of the key findings (1/2)

Key findings of the automotive 2025 study

- 1 SHIFT TO ASIA**
There will be a **dramatic shift of sales & production capacity** to Asia – regional trade blocs expected to grow, leading to shift toward **low-cost locations. 300,000 jobs in Europe at risk**
- 2 SMALL IS BEAUTIFUL**
A/B segment with disproportionately strong growth. At the same time extremely successful **low-cost cars** answer the rising demand for no-frills transportation – **a global phenomenon**
- 3 DEMOTORIZATION**
Especially among younger people, the **car loses its pole position in their emotional preferences** – the **motorization rate is decreasing in big cities**, and by 2025 not just in mature industrial nations
- 4 POWERTRAIN ELECTRIFICATION**
In the most positive of all cases, **electric vehicles** will account for **~10% of new vehicle sales by 2025**, hybrids will reach 40% share – **internal combustion engines will still account for 50%**
- 5 ALWAYS ONLINE, ALWAYS CONNECTED**
By **2025**, many **vehicles will be always online**, sending and receiving information: Connectivity is a key factor – but **intelligent traffic solutions will remain a vision well beyond 2025**

Automotive landscape 2025: trends and challenges – management summary of the key findings (2/2)

Key findings of the automotive 2025 study

- 6 NEW BUSINESS MODELS**
Established players have to **deal with low-cost challengers, technology challengers** and the rise of **new business models**: mobility ecosystems incl. car sharing have to be taken seriously by 2025
- 7 LACK OF ENGINEERS & SPECIALISTS**
Countries with aging populations are lacking in engineers & specialists, esp. when it comes to STEM subjects – **OEMs/OESs cannot significantly increase their R&D departments abroad**
- 8 "GLO/CAL" BUSINESS ORGANIZATIONS**
Successful global players will **move away from centralized organizations**: global at a local level – In 2025 these companies will have a number of **regional HQs to adjust & act fast locally**
- 9 INDUSTRY FLEXIBILIZATION**
The **automotive industry needs** to open up and be able to **learn from other industries**, e.g. IT, suppliers – it will be the **most flexible businesses** that **survive**
- 10 PROLIFERATION MEETS CONSOLIDATION**
While the consolidation trend will continue among OESs, OEMs are likely to see a (re-) proliferation. New players, including those from outside the industry, **will emerge**

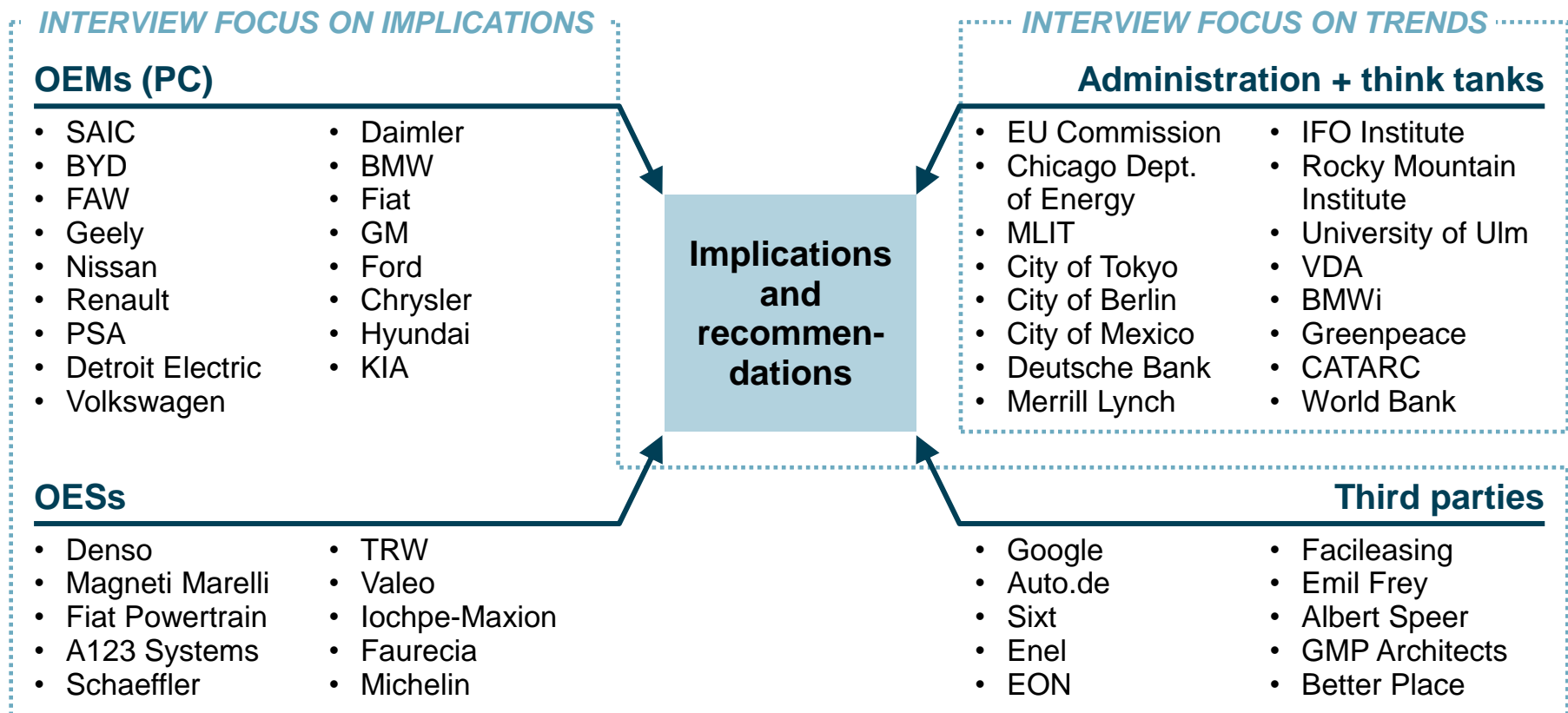


B. Study design

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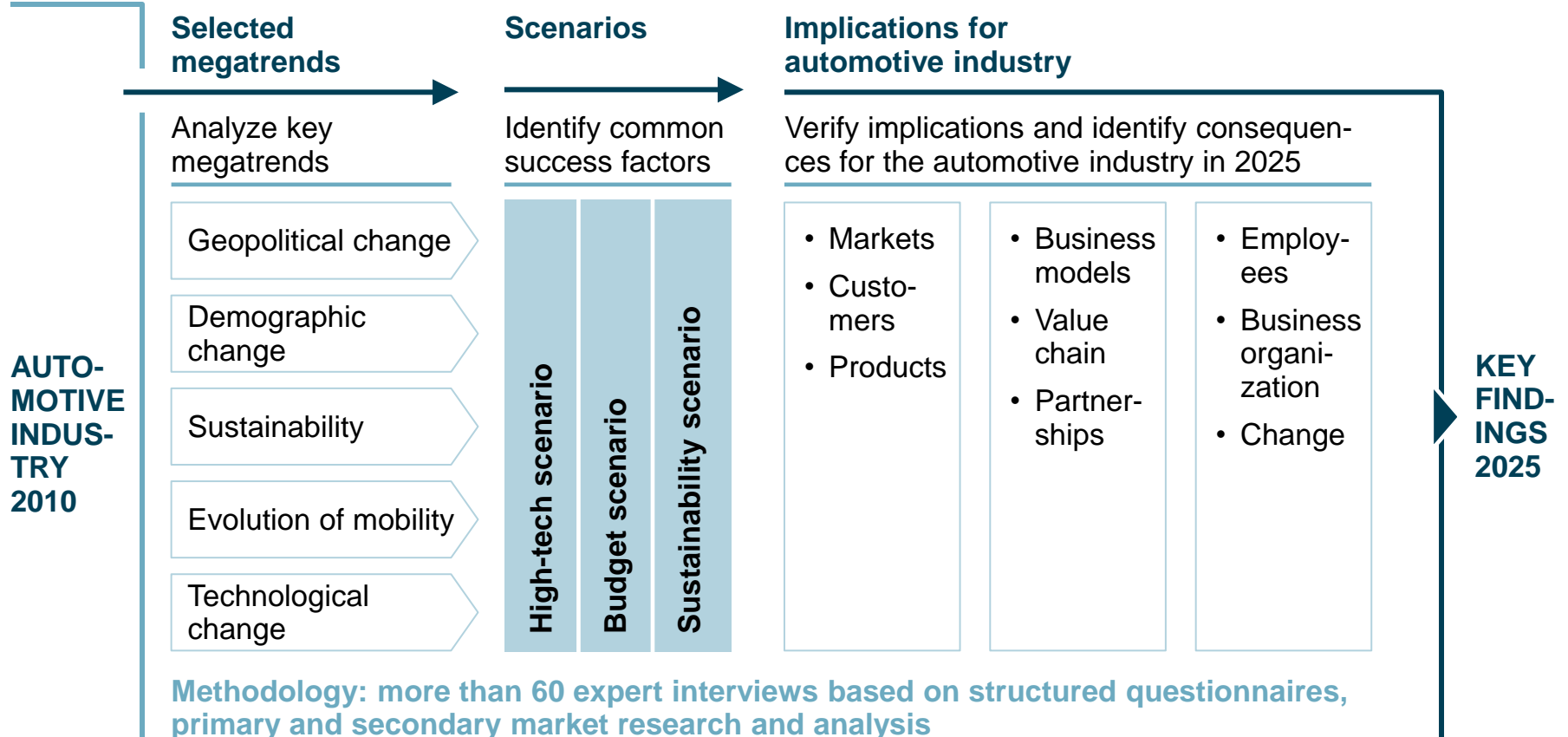
We conducted more than 60 expert interviews to verify the megatrends and their implications

Selected interview partners



Five key megatrends will shape the automotive industry in 2025

TODAY





C. Implications



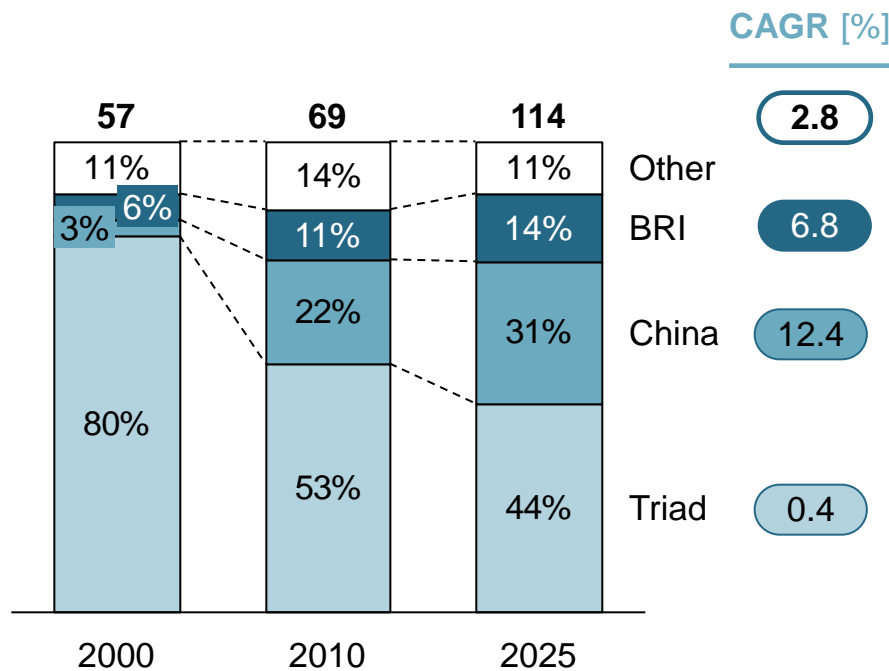
C. SHIFT TO ASIA

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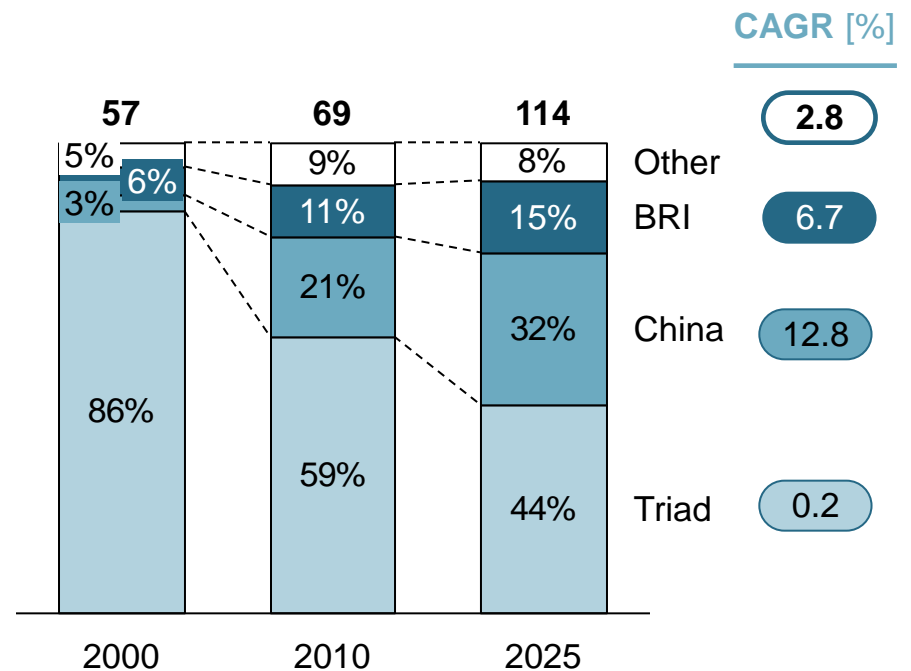
Sales and production are further shifting to BRIC countries – China will be a major sales and production hub in 2025

Sales and production of light vehicles by region, 2000-2025 [m units]

Sales

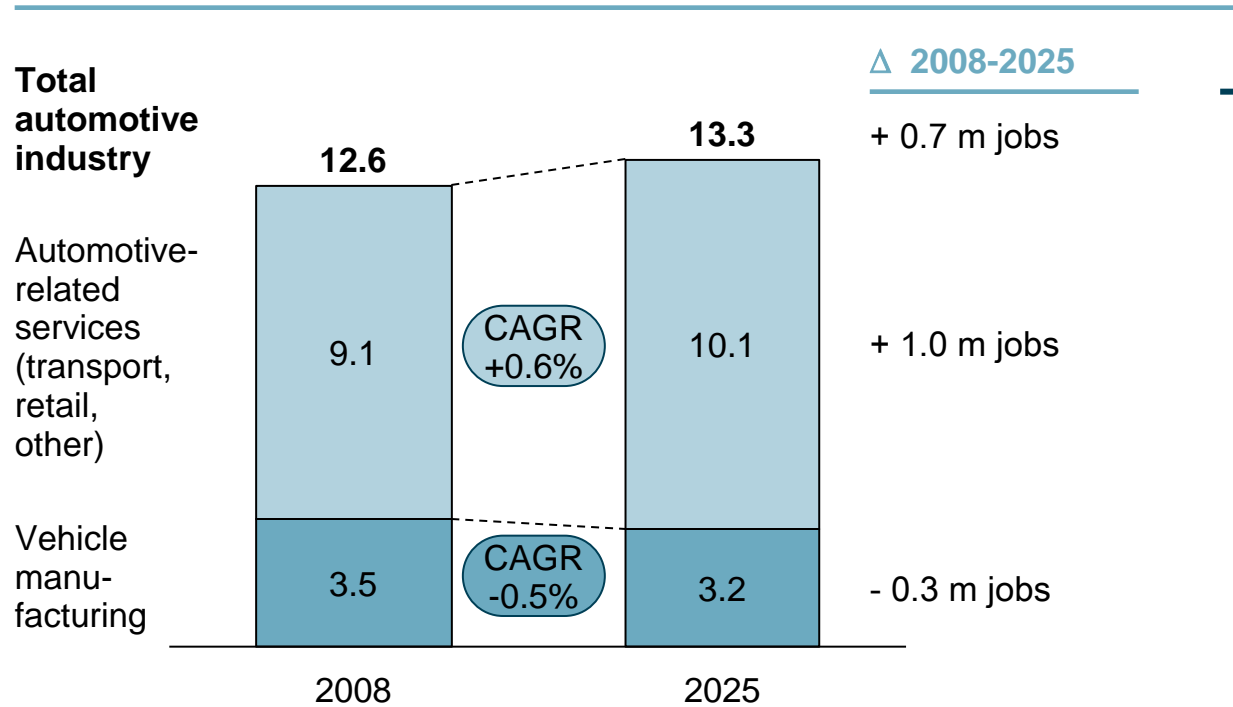


Production



The shift of production capacity to growing markets and low-cost centers could affect about 300,000 European jobs until 2025

Automotive-related employment in Europe 2008-2025 [m]



COMMENTS

- Employment in automotive manufacturing expected to decrease by 300,000 jobs. That equals a 9% drop
- In associated industries (services) the employment is projected to increase by 1 million workplaces
- The overall effect will be the creation of 700,000 new posts around the automotive industry

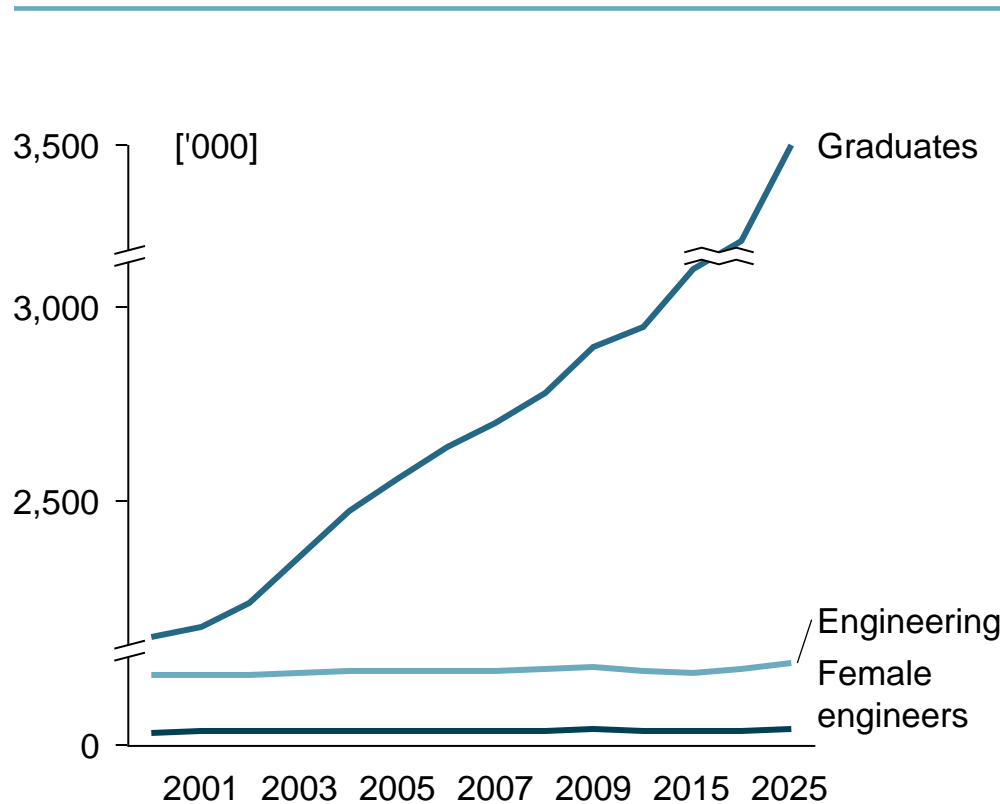


C. LACK OF ENGINEERS AND SPECIALISTS

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The STEM issue: statistics indicate a growing gap of qualified engineers and developers in mature markets

Example – Development of engineering graduates in the US



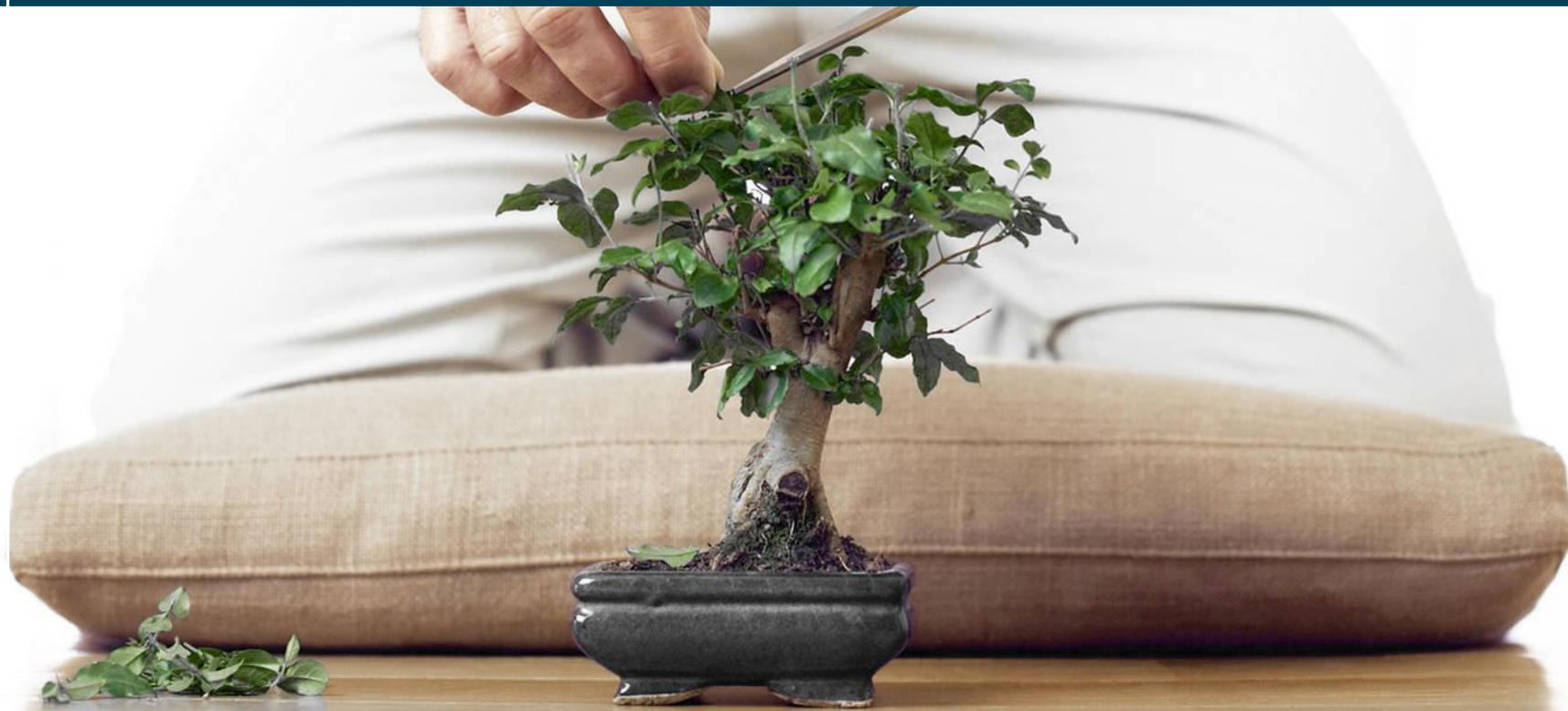
COMMENTS

- Despite a growing number of university graduates in the US the share of graduates in engineering fell from 8.5% in 1999 to 7.0% in 2008
- Female graduates are relatively stable at about 19.0% of all engineering graduates in the US

STEM: science, technology, engineering and mathematics

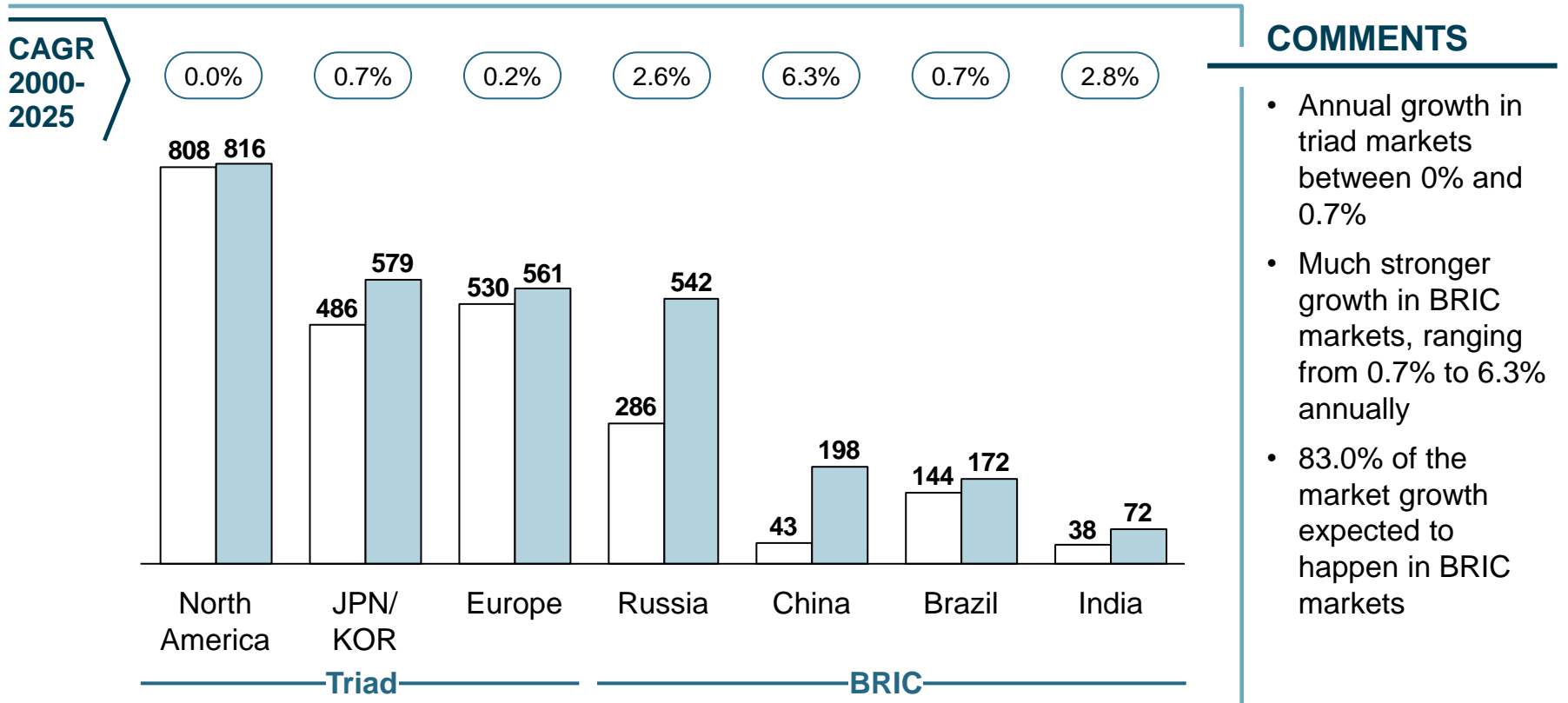
C. SMALL IS BEAUTIFUL

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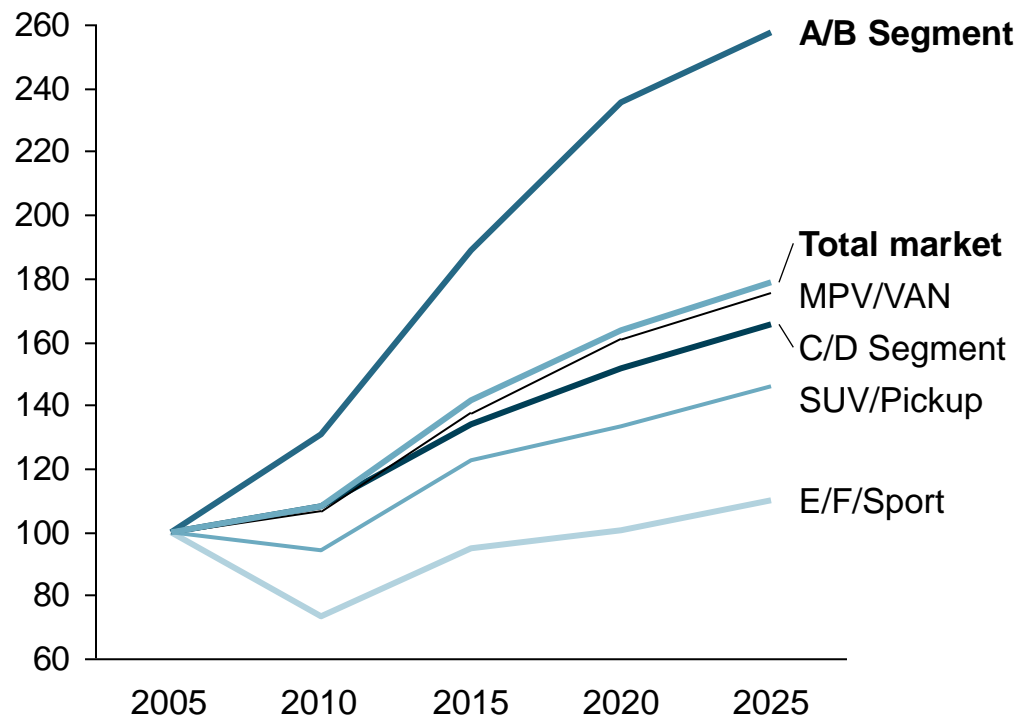
With the growing population and growing wealth in the BRIC markets, the overall motorization rate will increase until 2025

Cars per 1,000 inhabitants ['000 vehicles]



A/B segment is forecast to achieve the highest growth rates of all vehicle segments by 2025

Car sales index by segment [2005-2025, 2005=100]



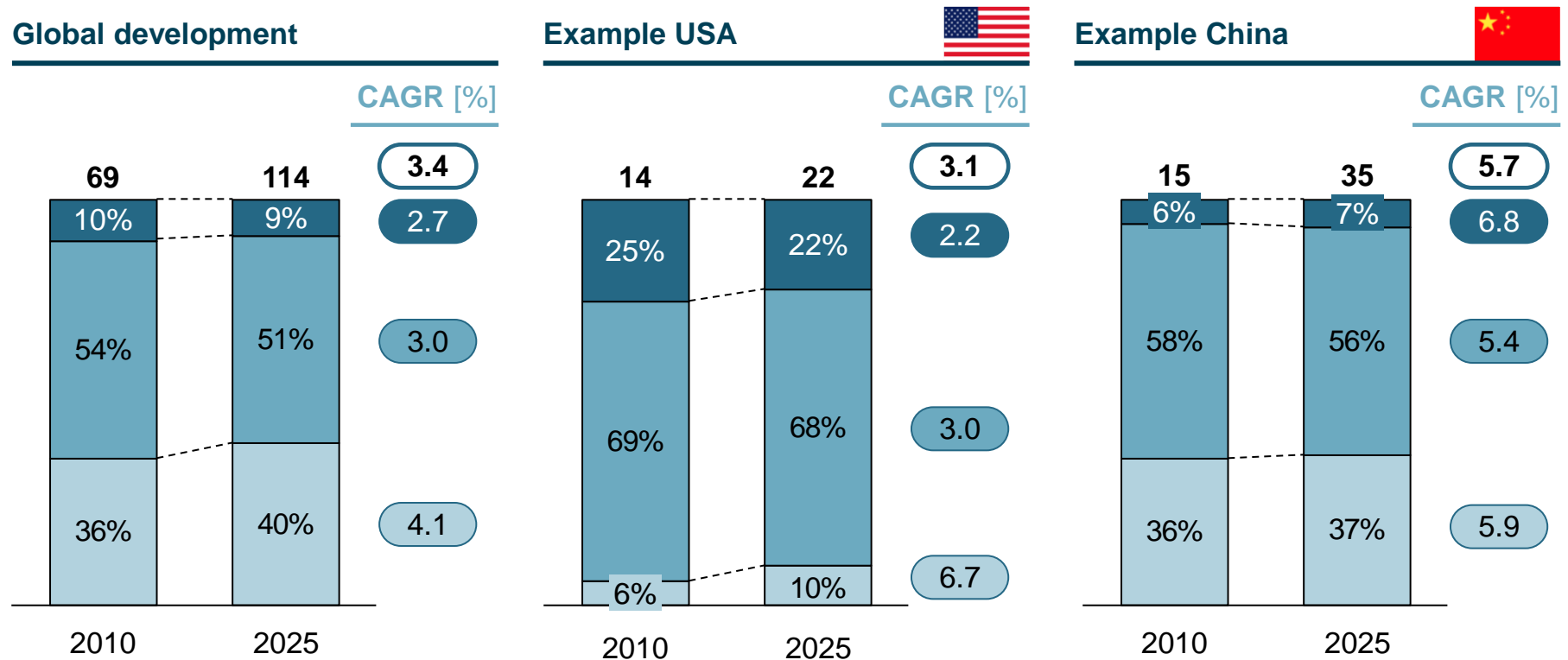
COMMENTS

Reasons why A/B segments are the main drivers of future market growth:

- **Features:** A/B vehicles already offer features typically associated with upper segments – Example Audi A1's dual-clutch transmission
- **Safety:** More small cars achieve 5 stars at the NCAP crash tests – e.g. VW Polo, Suzuki Swift, Hyundai i20
- **Driving experience:** Difference in driving compared to upper segments diminishing
- **Efficiency:** A/B segment cars have small engines and offer better fuel efficiency
- **Dimensions:** A/B vehicles have grown in terms of size and will likely grow further (Fiat Grande Punto)

Small vehicles will grow fastest across the globe – China to follow suit from 2025 onward

Light vehicles sales by segment, 2010-2025 [m units; %]



■ Large (E/F/above)
 ■ Mid-size (C/D)
 ■ Small (A/B)



C. DEMOTORIZATION

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A trend toward "demotorization" is developing mainly among the younger generation in industrial countries

Example: Japan – Ranking of interests of university students [%]

Past students (now in 40s, 50s)

No of interests (avg.): 5.22

Rank	Products/Services	N=300
1	Fashion	35.7
2	Domestic travel	34.0
3	Dining out	32.0
4	Reading	31.7
5	Music	31.3
6	Movies	27.7
7	Cars	27.0
8	PC	25.7
9	Foreign travel	23.7
10	Audio	20.3
11	Camera	19.7
12	TV	17.0
13	Animation, Manga	15.7
14	Jewelry	15.0
15	Sports goods	14.0
16	Cosmetics, Beauty salon	12.3
17	Watches	11.3
18	Licentiates, Learning	10.3
19	Portable Music Players	10.0
20	Motorcycles	9.7

Past students (now in 20s, 30s)

No of interests (avg.): 7.09

Rank	Products/Services	N=300
1	PC	50.7
2	Fashion	47.7
3	Communication devices	39.7
4	Domestic travel	37.3
5	Music	37.0
6	Dining out	33.7
7	Foreign travel	32.7
8	Portable Music Players	31.0
9	Reading	31.0
10	Cars	25.3
11	Movies	25.3
12	Animation, Manga	25.3
13	Video games	25.3
14	Camera	25.0
15	Watches	24.3
16	Cosmetics, Beauty salon	22.0
17	TV	18.7
18	Jewelry	18.3
19	Licentiates, Learning	15.0
20	Audio	14.3

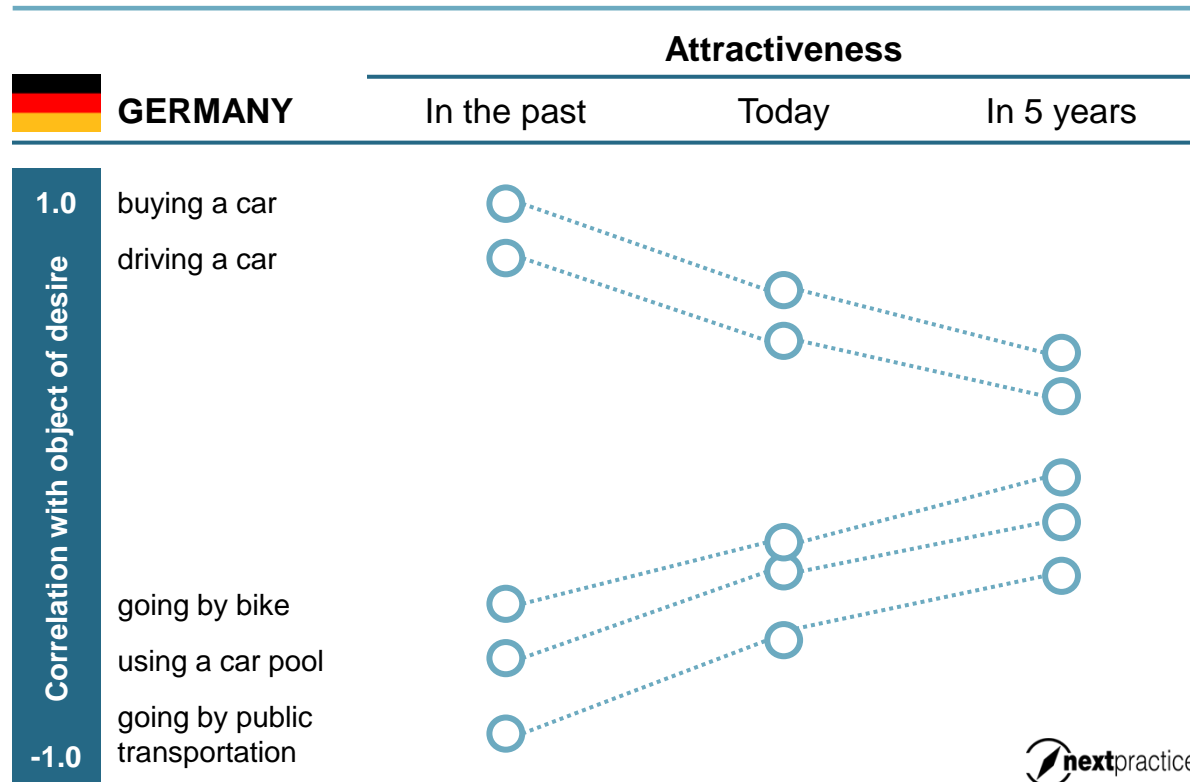
Current students

No of interests (avg.): 8.96

Rank	Products/Services	N=1,000
1	PC	62.1
2	Fashion	53.9
3	Portable Music Players	50.6
4	Communication devices	49.9
5	Domestic travel	44.0
6	Music	43.7
7	Reading	42.9
8	Animation, Manga	42.0
9	Video games	38.4
10	Dining out	37.6
11	Movies	35.5
12	Camera	35.0
13	Foreign travel	33.9
14	TV	28.8
15	Licentiates, Learning	27.3
16	Cosmetics, Beauty salon	26.2
17	Cars	22.8
18	Watches	22.6
19	Furniture, Interiors	21.7
20	Jewelry	17.9

In the emotional preferences of the young Germans surveyed, the car is losing its pole position vs. other mobility concepts

Youth Study: Vehicle attractiveness – Germany, 2010 (n = 50)



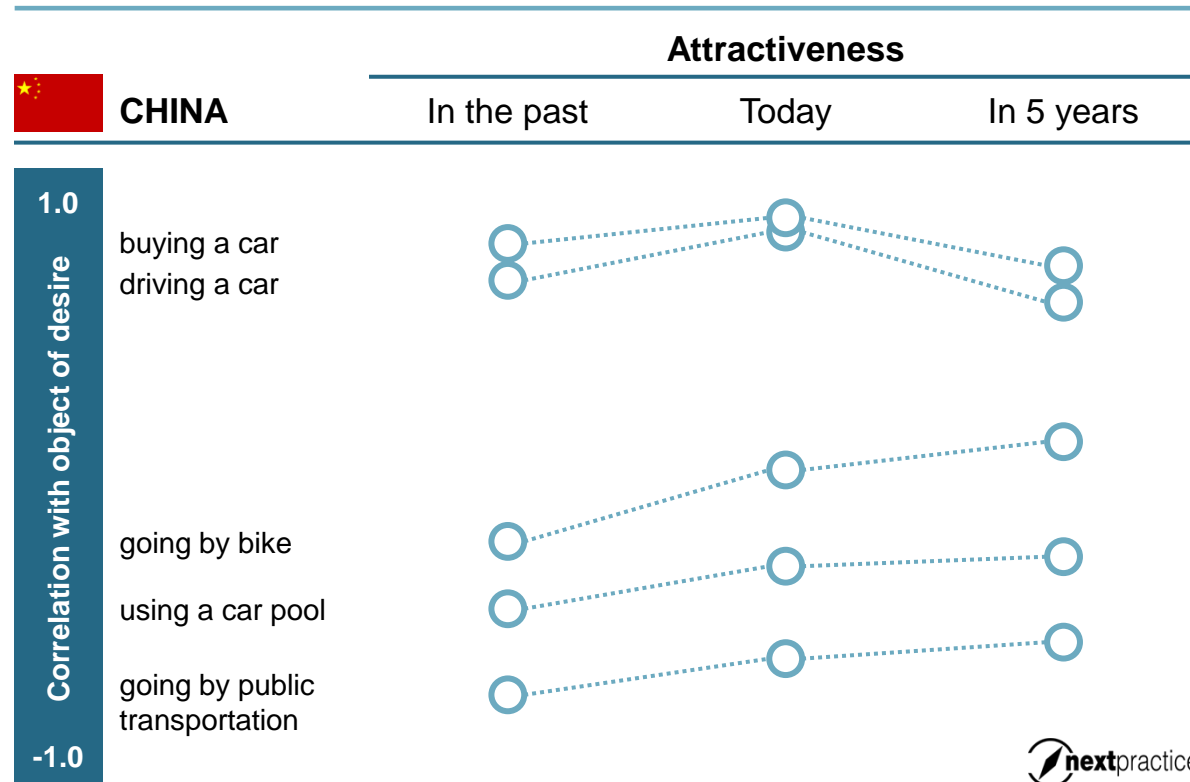
COMMENTS

- The young people interviewed predicted a dramatic loss in car's attractiveness as a mobility concept in Germany
- Alternative solutions to manage personal mobility are steadily strengthening their competitive position relative to the car



Young people from Shanghai are expected to follow the Germans in development of preferences: Cars become less attractive

Youth Study: Vehicle attractiveness – Shanghai, 2010 (n = 50)



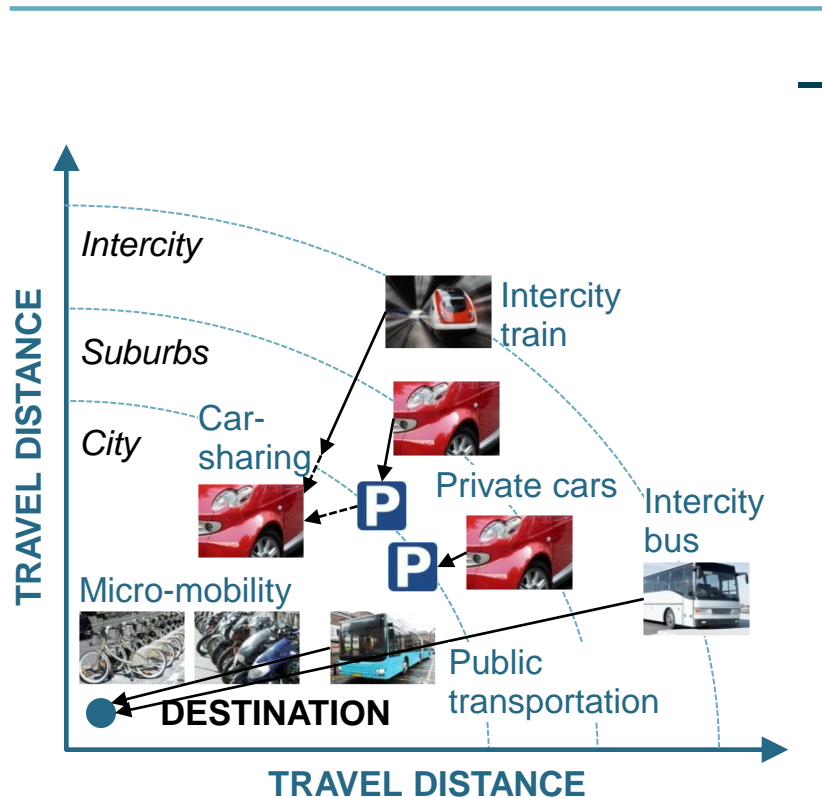
COMMENTS

- The young Chinese interviewed saw the emotional pole position of the car still growing in China today
- However, they predicted that the cars's attractiveness as a mobility concept will soon reach a turning point



Usage instead of ownership: car sharing & fractional ownership as a growing model to fulfill modern mobility demands

Integration of sustainable mobility solutions



CAR SHARING

- Car sharing can provide the first- & last-mile connectivity for congested urban areas until micro-mobility solutions such as electric-assist bicycles or electric two-wheelers gain mass acceptance
- Example ZIPCAR (USA) the world's largest car sharing service:
 - Founded 2000, going public 2011
 - 6,500 cars and 280,000+ drivers
 - Available in 50+ cities and 100+ universities
 - Growth by M&A (Spain, UK)



C. ALWAYS ONLINE, ALWAYS CONNECTED

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Always online: Digitization changed the way business is done and continues to do so – Next step in development are cloud services

Online development and selected business aspects

Yesterday

WEB 1.0

E-COMMERCE

"Delivery of information and goods"



- Up-to-date website and shop, seamless transactions
- Well presented information on company and goods
- Good position in search engines

Today

WEB 2.0

SOCIAL MEDIA

"Community building and user participation"



- Suitable social media strategy and building of communities
- Support of marketing and sales activities with social media
- Usage of the customer insights gained

Tomorrow

WEB 3.0

CLOUD SERVICES

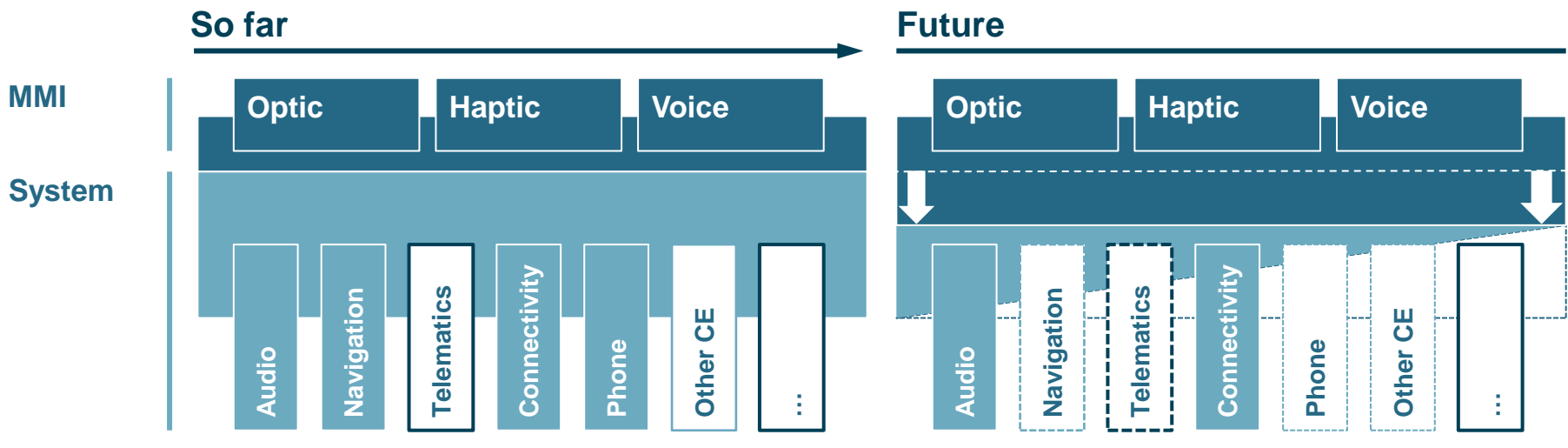
"Mobile connectivity and open innovation"



- Endlessly scalable resources (pay per use)
- Offer of mobile connected devices (e.g. cloud printing)
- Analysis and usage of cloud related data

Connectivity car-to-driver (C2D): Standardization & increasing CE integration reduces influence of traditional system players

Illustrative development of automotive consumer electronics integration



Implications

- **OEMs** are defining **MMI logic** and consumer interface
- **System providers** develop **platform** based on OEM specs and are responsible for **integration** – often including **"core applications"** (e.g. navigation)
- **Especially premium OEMs** are **still** defining **HMI logic** and **customer interface**
- **Platform** will be **standardized**, with OEMs increasingly assuming integrator role
- **Applications** will even **migrate out of the car** – thus, also **reducing value share** for Tier 1 "core applications"

OEM influence
 "System supplier" influence
 Other players
 Vehicle integrated
 "Decoupled"

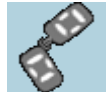
CE: Consumer Electronics MMI: Man Machine Interface

Advancements in technology expected to create a fully intelligent and connected transportation system – But not before 2025

Intelligent vehicles



Collision notification



Collision warning



Driver assistance



Auto-pilot vehicles

Intelligent infrastructure



Traveler information



Electronic pay system



Incident management



Arterial management



Freeway management



Transit management systems



Emergency management systems



Commercial vehicle operations



Intermodal freight



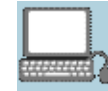
Crash prevention and safety



Roadway operations & maintenance



Roadway weather management



Information management

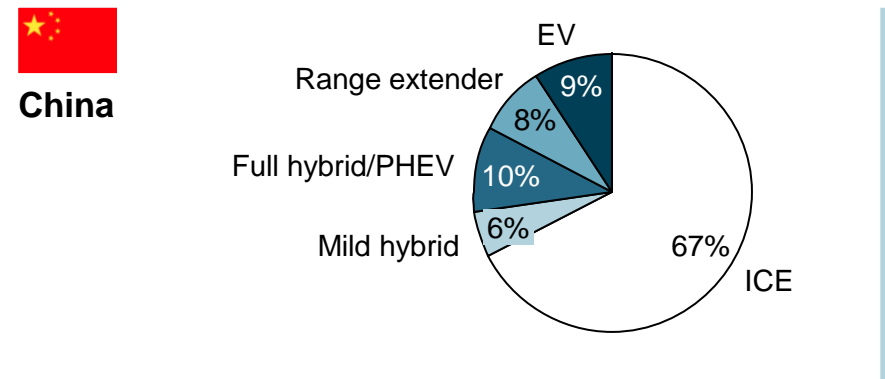
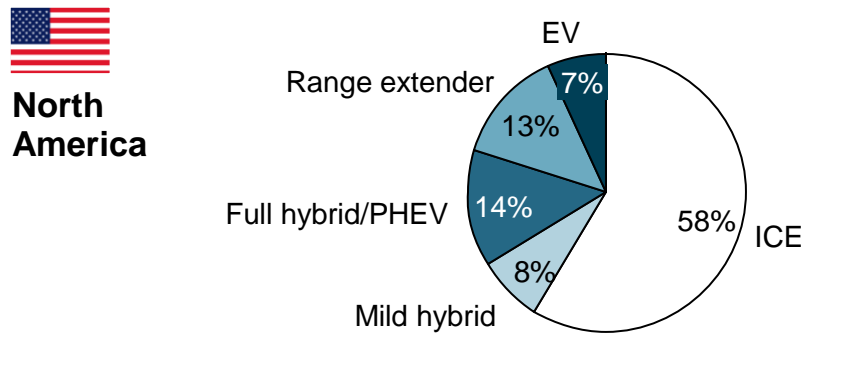
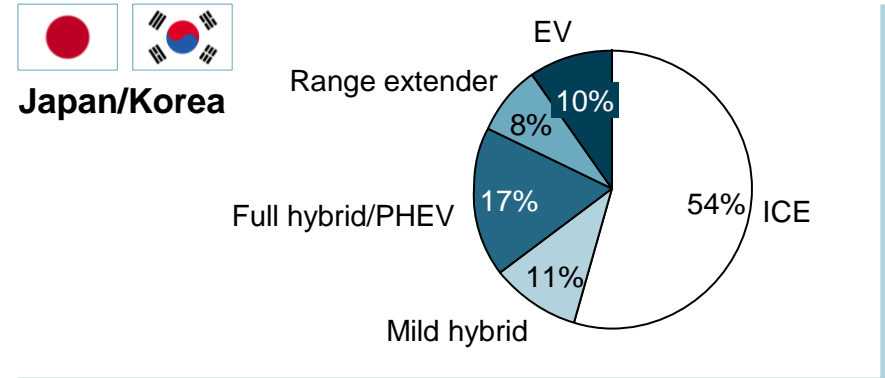
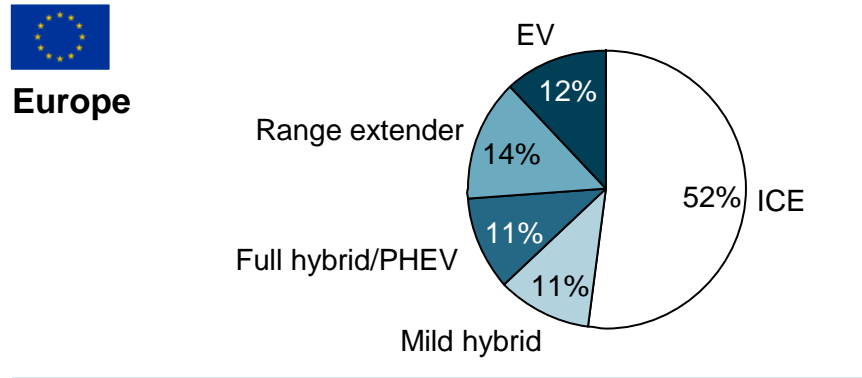


C. POWERTRAIN ELECTRIFICATION

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The penetration of EVs and hybrids could exceed 40% in triad markets by 2025 – But the ICE powertrain will continue to dominate

Powertrain hybridization/electrification scenario in major regions – 2025¹⁾



1) Assumption: ICE includes micro hybrid functionality



C. NEW BUSINESS MODELS

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Strategy Consultants

The economics of electric vehicles open up new ways for consumers to think about and pay for mobility

Business models

Vehicle without battery



- Option considered by some leading OEMs
- Battery supplied to customer via preferred partner

Vehicle including battery



- Vehicle and battery supplied by OEMs
- Battery can be sold, financed or leased



Vehicle + energy



- Monthly fee includes full maintenance service, electricity and insurance

Integrated mobility



- Monthly fee includes additional value-added services, e.g. communications, parking access, ...

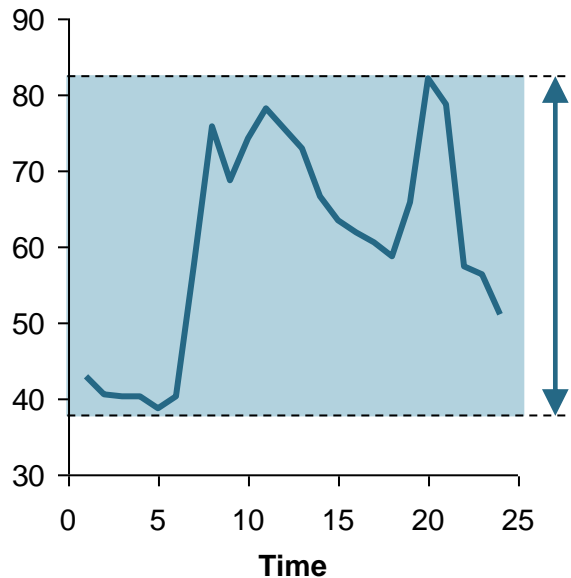
Volatile energy prices will provide the basis for new business models

Example: Domestic power stations by green power provider Lichtblick AG

Electricity market

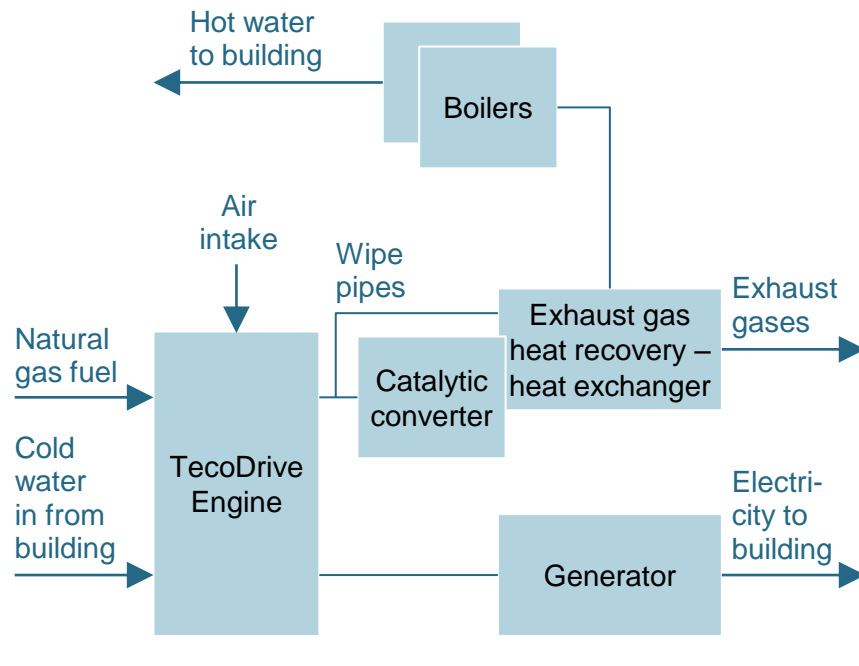
Hourly average market prices 13.10.2010

[EUR/MWh]



Lichtblick AG business model

Cogeneration plant for each household



COMMENTS

- Idea: use price fluctuation as an advantage
- Lichtblick AG wants to install 100,000 domestic gas fired power plants in Germany
- Cogeneration plants sell power back to the grid when the price is good while heating a household's water
- Cogeneration plants are >90% efficient

Established players have to deal with "low-cost", "technology" & "business model" challengers – Competition will increase

Overview

Business model challenger



Low-cost challenger



Technology challenger



- RWE in Germany is considering a **new business model providing full customer service for EVs**:
 - Provision of **energy solutions**
 - **Passenger car sales** with OEM partners, e.g. BYD
- In this context close **collaboration with standardization organizations** & related market players

- **Tata developed very low-priced cars** and gained fast market access in India, China etc. by **offering 8 different models**
- **Cooperates with intern. suppliers** to develop low-priced components with fewer requirements
- **Tata bought JLR** to get technology know-how and also **access to mature markets**

- **Successfully entered the passenger car market** in China
- **BYD transfers own know-how from lithium-ion battery mass-production for mobiles to production for electric vehicles**
- **Advanced development status for EVs led to first cooperations internationally** w. VW, Mercedes and China's Southern Power Grid

CONCLUSIONS

Established players have to adjust their current business model to **support the mobility needs** of the end consumers **with additional services/packages** in future

Matured OEMs have to rethink their own specification requirements for different markets and have to find & **develop tailored solutions for the needs of the 'new' markets locally**

Due to the innovation power in BRIC nations **established OEMs** have to analyze the trends/developments carefully and **may need strategic partnerships to close own development gaps/deficits**

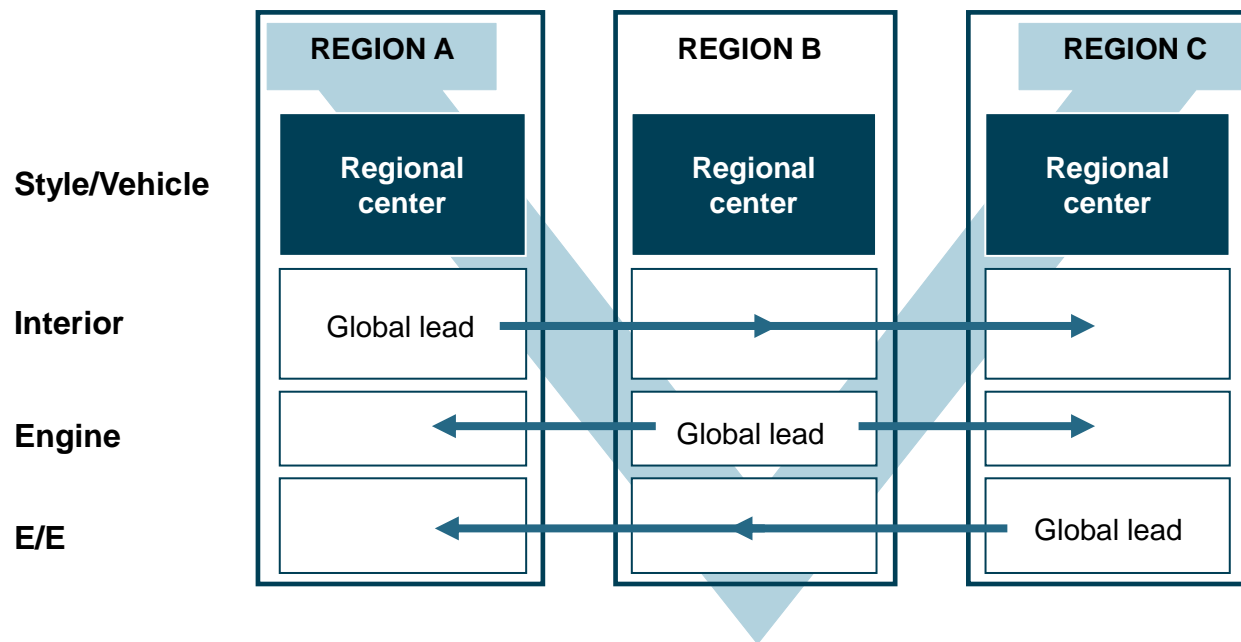


C. GLO/CAL BUSINESS ORGANIZATIONS

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Glocal engineering centers – Decentralized regional engineering footprint balanced with global coordination

Engineering centers in the future



COMMENTS

- **Global coordination** of regional engineering centers
- **Regional footprint** with decentralized organization
- **Local design specificities** managed by regional center
- **Global/standards components** defined on a global base and lead by a given region



C. INDUSTRY FLEXIBILIZATION

A tale of two worlds: Automotive vs. "classic" IT applications

AUTOMOTIVE IT APPLICATIONS

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY APPLICATIONS



OPEN

OPEN

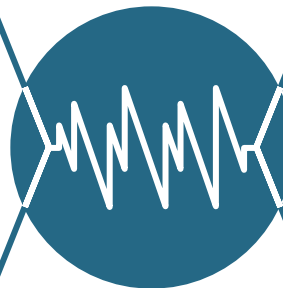


CLOSED

- Proprietary technology; walled garden; one dedicated "device"
- Development in "closed shop"
- Reliability/security as main design factor
- Technology stack only partly delayed

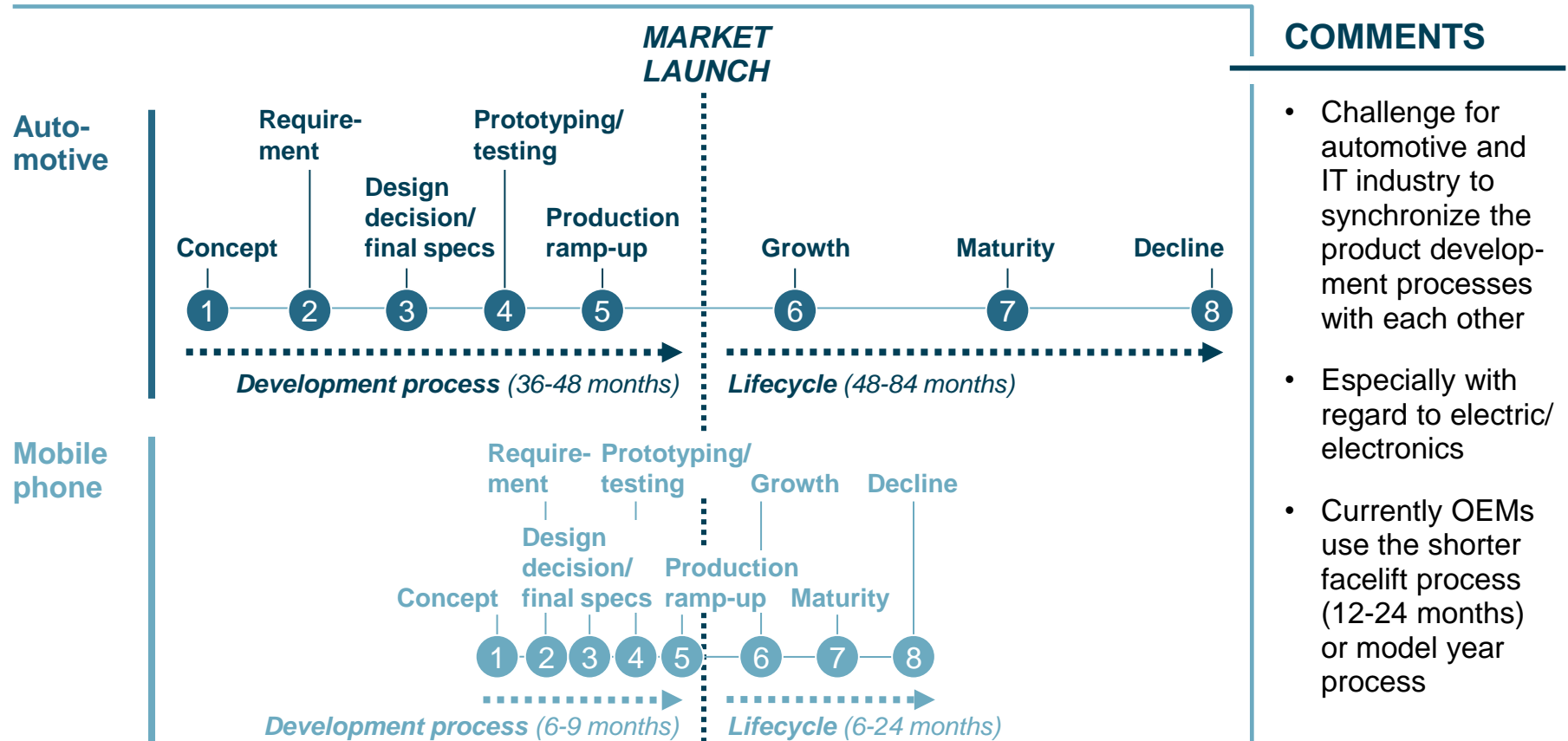
- Ecosystem with many stakeholders and devices
- Open development platforms
- Highly customized/customizable; upgrade via update
- Fully delayed technology stack

CLOSED



Increasing convergence of automotive and IT products requires a stronger alignment of both industries

Timeline of product development processes: Automotive vs. IT



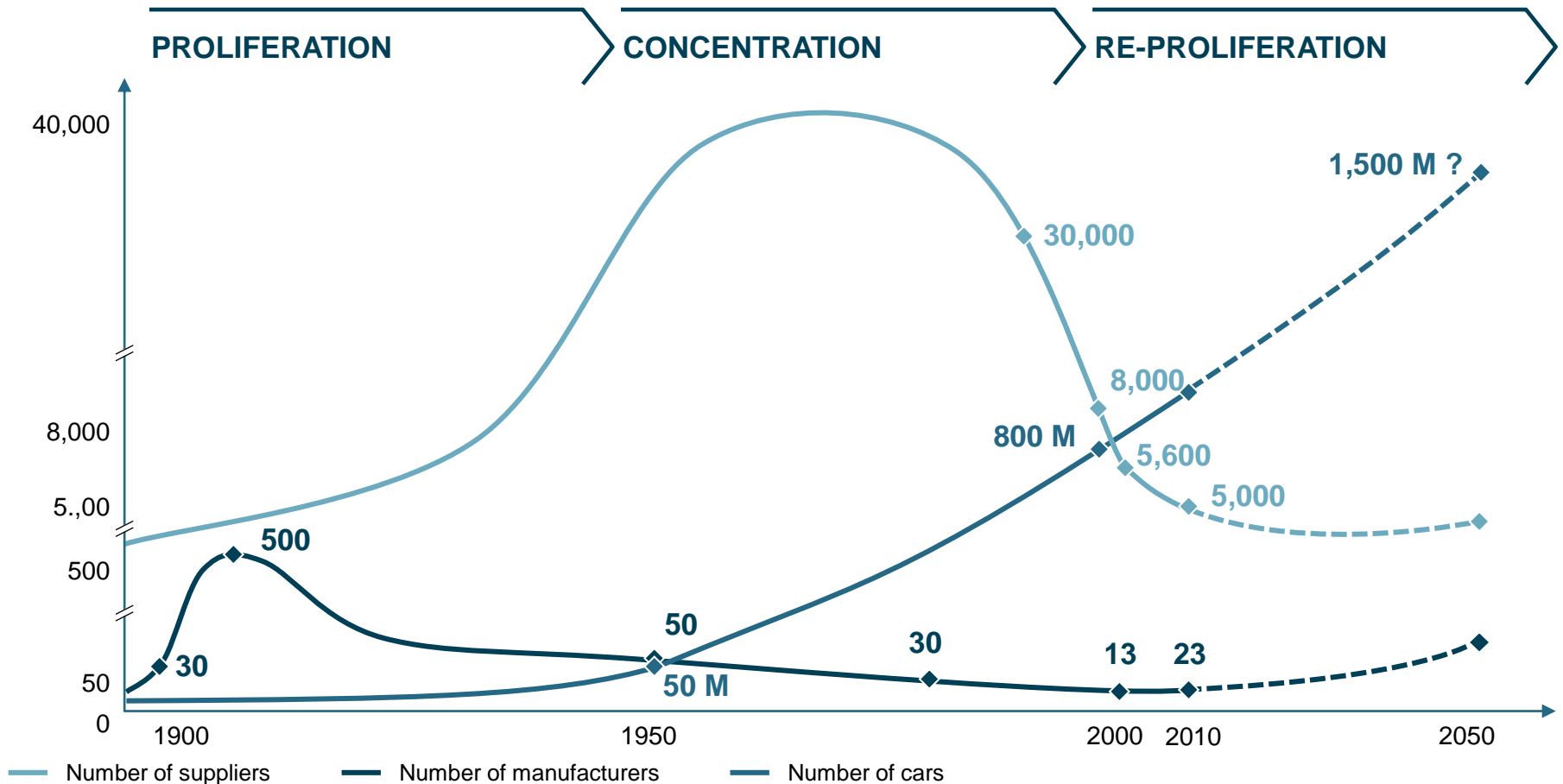


C. PROLIFERATION MEETS CONSOLIDATION

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Strategy Consultants

The number of major OEMs has declined in the past decades – But re-proliferation may be expected

Industry proliferation/consolidation trends





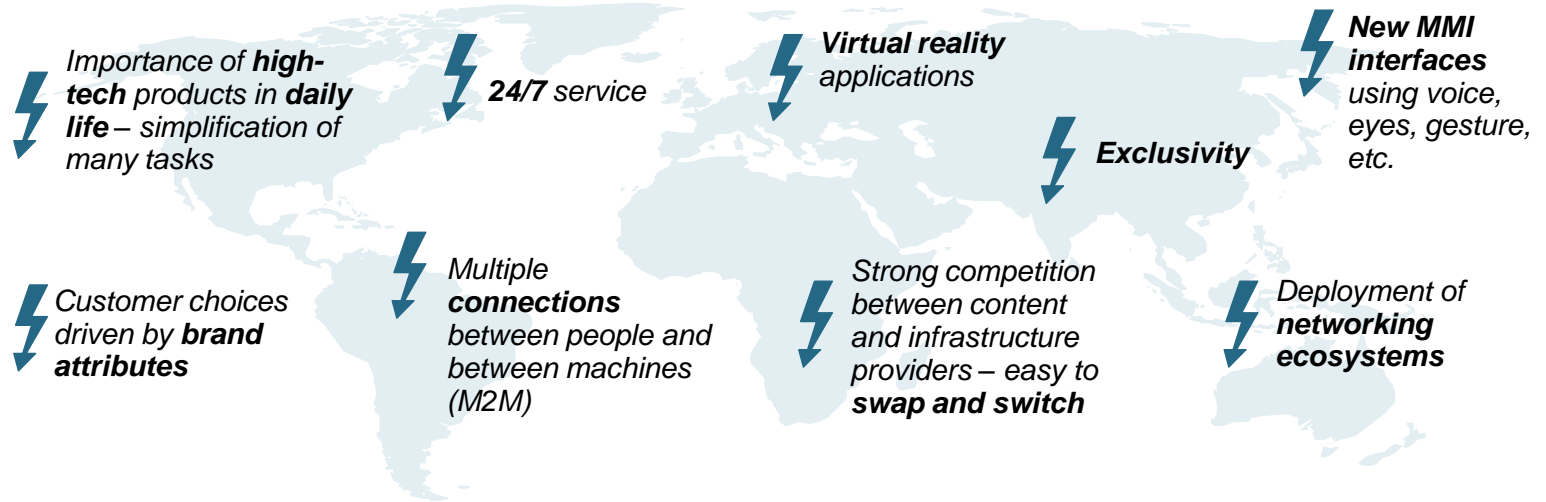
D. Scenarios

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Strategy Consultants

High-tech scenario – Innovation, connectivity, technology-driven world



HIGH-TECH WOLRD



Implications for the automotive industry

Main vehicle features

- Connectivity (Internet on board, Web-based services)
- MMI
- Highly personalized
- Complex E/E systems: active safety, driving assistance, etc.

Brand

- Strong OEM brands associated with a technology mindset and exclusivity

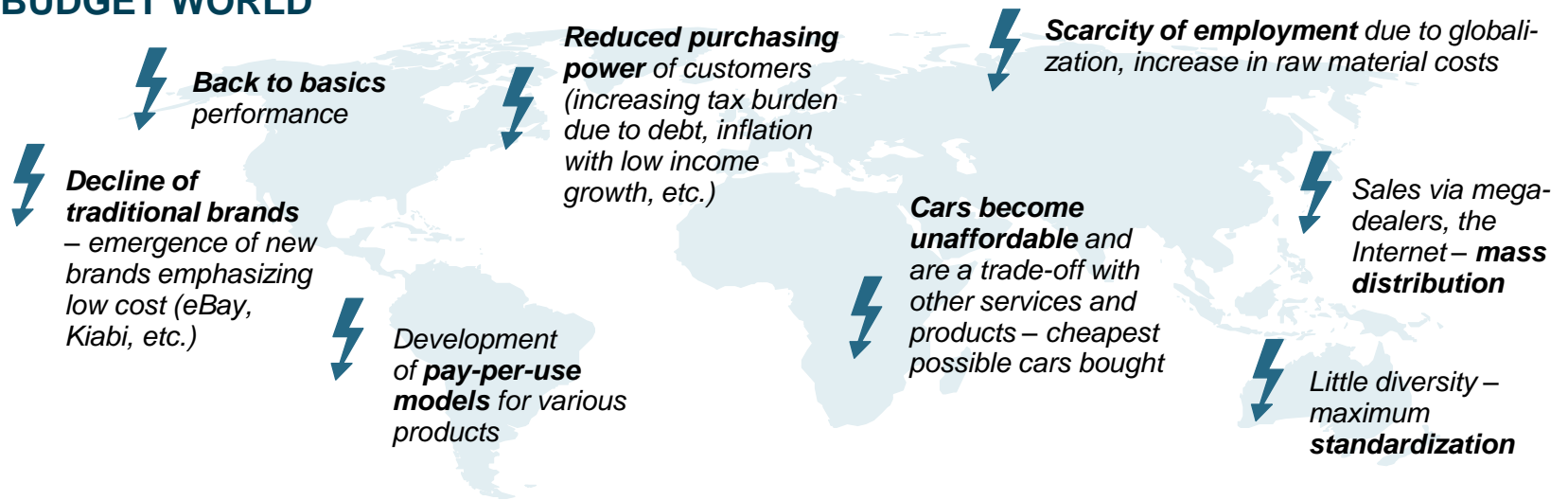
Marketing

- Strong use of CRM with customers, going beyond the product (viral marketing, community-based, etc.)

Budget scenario – Money for the basics only



BUDGET WORLD



Implications for the automotive industry

Main vehicle features

- Low-cost cars
- Decontenting on power and weight, increase in E/E features
- Mobility services models, emphasis on low TCO
- Cars defined by customer needs (target costing)
- Additional features as options (high level of diversity)

Brand

- New low-cost brands emerge

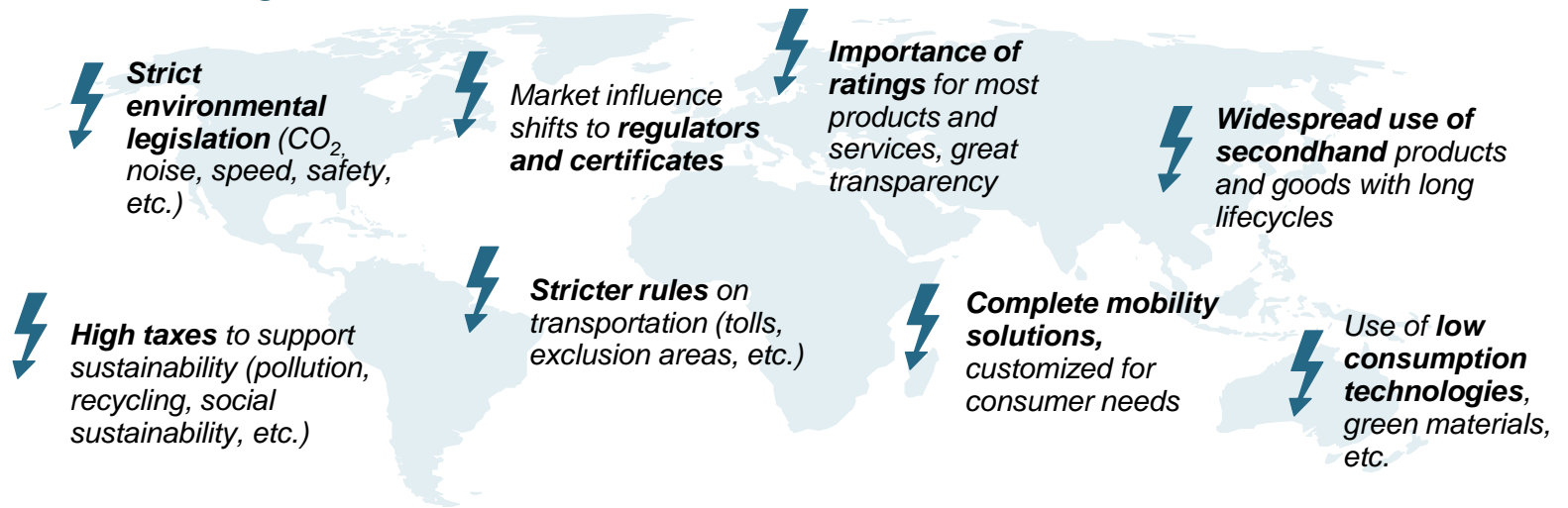
Marketing

- Affordable cars from new private-label brands belonging to mega-dealers and large retailers (Walmart, Decathlon, etc.)

Sustainability scenario – Maximum regulation and environmental lobbying



SUSTAINABLE WORLD



Implications for the automotive industry

Main vehicle features

- Compliance with all legislation
- Differentiation by rating agencies or labeling
- Mobility solutions focusing on TCO
- Rapid introduction of green cars (EVs & plug-in hybrids)

Brand

- Cars distributed through leasers, utilities (EVs) and insurance companies specifying the model required

Marketing

- Emergence of new mobility services providers offering products and services

Whatever the scenario, some common key success factors will become crucial



**KEY
SUCCESS
FACTORS**

Brand | Clear brand positioning and customer targets with a globalized approach

Product | Tailored design to specification, leveraging both high content features (eg. connected cars, ..) and low content features, greater level of customization to needs. Product & service approaches going toward customer relationship and are also offering mobility solutions

Operations | Glo/cal R&D approach and network, modularization, mix of more flexible plants and LCC plants. Capacity management driven by profitability

Partners | Strong relationships with well chosen partners: downstream (distribution, services providers), upstream (Tier-1), co-branding partners



E. Conclusion

Roland Berger
Strategy Consultants

Over the coming 15 years, the automotive industry will undergo the greatest transformation it has experienced in its history

The upcoming changes are fundamental & affect all players of the automotive industry – OEMs, suppliers, third parties, both new & established players:

- **A dramatic production & sales shift to the Asian markets** will take place – quickly and permanently
- The **Asia demand supports low-cost cars** as an important entry point **as well as A/B segment cars** in general – This segment will also grow in mature markets, where values are changing
- **Cars will lose their appeal for younger generations in developed countries.** In major urban areas, car ownership will become unnecessary – **Mobility ecosystems will provide cars on demand**
- The cars in question will mainly be electric – **50% will have a fully or partially electrified powertrain**
- Many vehicles will be **permanently online** via the Internet – **Connectivity will be key**
- The **automotive industry will converge with other industries** – companies will **engage in multiple partnerships** as a way of accessing technology and customers and securing economies of scale
- **New business models and value chain partners will emerge**, challenging the status quo, especially where they come from sectors other than the automotive industry
- Players **will move away from centralized organizations** in the pursuit of size and access to fresh sources of engineers and other specialists – **they will begin to operate glo/cally**
- **Consolidation will continue among OESs** – **new OEMs are likely to emerge** from different industries

The key is for all **companies to remain open & flexible** – they must **think & act holistically in order to benefit** from the opportunities ahead